

INDUSTRIES

Job sectors can be split into three main categories, known as industries.

 <p>GOVERNMENT, MILITARY AND JUSTICE</p>	 <p>CORPORATE AND PRIVATE SECTOR</p>	 <p>CHARITY AND THIRD SECTOR</p>
<p>Government-led including health and infrastructure</p>	<p>Profit-driven businesses</p>	<p>Not for profit businesses</p>

SECTORS

There are many sectors within each industry, and many organisations in each sector. In all of them, there are jobs with skill-sets that can lead to varied, cross-sector careers. You could also choose to focus in on a specific sector.

<p>CENTRAL GOVERNMENT</p> <p>EMERGENCY SERVICES</p> <p>LEGAL AND JUSTICE</p> <p>LOCAL AUTHORITY</p> <p>MILITARY</p>	<p>FAST-MOVING CONSUMER GOODS</p> <p>PROFESSIONAL SERVICES</p> <p>MEDIA</p> <p>HOSPITALITY</p> <p>RETAIL</p>	<p>FOR-PROFIT SOCIAL ENTERPRISE</p> <p>CHARITIES</p> <p>NOT FOR PROFIT</p>
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FURTHER EDUCATION

Further education (including the IB, A-levels, BTEC and apprenticeships) provide a path to higher education. The subjects you choose at this point can impact your future career.

★ Choosing facilitator subjects can help keep your options open.

HIGHER EDUCATION

Although you can enter most sectors regardless of what you study at university or in other vocational training such as apprenticeships, the type of role you can do may be determined by your qualifications.

FUNCTIONS

There are many roles and types of jobs you can do across all sectors, making it possible to move between sectors in similar jobs. These roles range from high-level strategy setting to the provision and promotion of goods or services.

We have mapped the most common function areas based on education.

